

Jackson Hole Fire/EMS Operations Manual

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Title:

Medication Protocol:

Midazolam

Division: 17

Article: 1.24

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Pages: 2

MIDAZOLAM (Versed) (Medication Protocol)

EMT-INTERMEDIATE PROVIDERS

NOT AUTHORIZED

PARAMEDIC PROVIDERS

STANDING ORDER

CLASS: Short-acting benzodiazepine

PHARMACOLOGY/ N

Midazolam is a water-soluble short-acting benzodiazepine that is

ACTIONS:

metabolized by the liver and excreted in the urine. It binds benzodiazepine

receptors and enhances GABA central nervous system effects.

ONSET/DURATION:

Onset: $1 - 3 \min (IV)$; Duration: 2 - 6 hr

USE IN FIELD/INDICATIONS:

• Sedation for Cardioversion/Transcutaneous pacing

• Sedation after tracheal intubation

Seizures

• Chemical restraint in combative patient

Adjunct for pain management

CONTRAINDICATIONS:

Hypersensitivity, glaucoma (relative), shock, coma, ETOH intoxication (relative, may be used for ETOH withdrawal), depressed vital signs, Concomitant use of with significant barbiturates, alcohol, narcotics, or other CNS depressed to the latest and the states of the s

other CNS depressants used by the patient.

SIDE EFFECTS:

Respiratory depression, hiccup, cough, over sedation, nausea and vomiting, headache, blurred vision, fluctuation in vital signs, hypotension, respiratory

arrest

DRUG INTERACTIONS:

Sedative effect of midazolam accentuated by concomitant use of

barbiturates, alcohol, or narcotics.

ROUTE: IM, IV, IO, Intranasal

DOSAGE:	ADULT		PEDIATRIC (<45 kg)
	Adult:	1-4 mg slow IV/IO/IM/	Loading dose 0.05-0.1 mg/kg IV/IM/IO/
		Intranasal may be repeated in 3-	Intranasal; then repeat as needed in 3-5
		5 minutes if necessary (total	minutes. Max single dose 4 mg.
		max dose not to exceed 0.1	
		mg/kg without medical control	
		approval)	
	Note:	In Elderly or patients with	
		known liver disease, lower	
		dosage should be used due to	
		impaired metabolism.	

PREGNANCY SAFETY: Category D – Positive risk to fetus, maternal benefit may outweigh risk to

fetus

COMMENTS: SCHEDULE IV Controlled Substance:

Security protocol is the responsibility of Jackson Hole Fire/EMS.

DEA Schedule IV drug with potential for abuse.

Provide continuous monitoring of respiratory and cardiac function. Have resuscitation equipment available. Never administer as rapid push IV bolus, which may lead to profound hypotension and/or respiratory impairment.