

Jackson Hole Fire/EMS Operations Manual

Approved by:

Will Smith, MD, Medical Director

Approved by

Title:

Treatment Protocol:

Severed Body Parts

Division: 17 Article: 4.20

Revised: May, 2015

Pages: 1

SEVERED BODY PARTS (Treatment Protocol)

ALL PROVIDERS

Perform ABC's, secure the airway and support vital functions.

Control bleeding with direct pressure and apply a tourniquet if unable to quickly control bleeding.

Cover the wound with a dry sterile dressing.

Collect the severed part and remove only the gross contamination with sterile saline. Do not soak the part.

Wrap the severed part in loose, moist gauze.

Place the severed part into a clean plastic bag or vessel.

- Place the bag in ice water; do not place severed parts directly into liquid or place the part directly on ice; keep a barrier between the tissues and cold pack or ice. **DO NOT ALLOW** THE PART TO FREEZE.
- Keep the patient NPO.
- Advise medical control of the situation as soon as possible and transport ASAP

ADULT EMT-INTERMEDIATE PROVIDER

- Establish an IV NS TKO or bolus as needed for shock states

PEDIATRIC (<45 kg)

TERMEDIATE PROVIDER

- Administer Fentanyl (voice order)
- Establish an IV NS TKO or bolus as needed for shock states
- Administer Fentanyl (voice order)

EMT-PARAMEDIC PROVIDER

- Consider Fentanyl, Hydromorphone, or Ketamine
- For massive hemorrhage, consider TXA
- **EMT-PARAMEDIC PROVIDER**
- Consider Fentanyl, Hydromorphone, or Ketamine
- For massive hemorrhage, consider TXA



Approved by:

Jackson Hole Fire/EMS Operations Manual

Approved by:

Will Smith, MD, Medical Director

Title: Treatment Protocol:

Trauma Management

Will Smith, MD, Medical Director

Willy Watsabaugh, Chief

Division: 17 Article: 4.24

Revised: May, 2015

Pages: 2

TRAUMA MANAGEMENT (Treatment Protocol)

ALL PROVIDERS

Perform Rapid Trauma Assessment

- o Follow Selective Spinal Immobilization protocol if stable.
- o Manage airway per Airway Protocol.
- o Control any major bleeding. Consider tourniquet for life threatening bleeding.
- Initiate CPR if indicated
- Avoid hypothermia
- Consider field termination of resuscitation in blunt traumatic arrest in conjunction with medical control.
- Recognize immediately reversible causes of traumatic arrest. If unable to regain pulse consider field termination of resuscitation in most traumatic arrest settings.
- Contact Medical Control/ & make hospital notification.
 - o Trauma Team Activation (Green, Yellow, Red)
- Complete physical exam and on-going assessment en route.

ADULT EMT

PEDIATRIC (<45 kg) EMIT

Consider pelvis stabilization • Consider pelvis stabilization

ADVANCED EMT

- Apply cardiac monitor, check rhythm
- Establish two large-bore IV or IO lines enroute if indicated
- IVF as indicated
- Consider bilateral chest needle decompression in traumatic arrest (voice order)
- Fentanyl as indicated (voice order)

ADVANCED EMT

- Apply cardiac monitor, check rhythm
- Establish two large-bore IV or IO lines enroute if indicated
- IVF as indicated
- Consider bilateral chest needle decompression in traumatic arrest (voice order)
- Fentanyl as indicated (voice order)

PARAMEDIC

- Consider Fentanyl / Hydromorphone / Ketamine as indicated
- If massive hemorrhage or suspected major blood loss, consider TXA

PARAMEDIC

- Consider Fentanyl / Hydromorphone / Ketamine as indicated
- If massive hemorrhage or suspected major blood loss, consider TXA

Treatment Protocol: Trauma Management

Page 1 of 2

Considerations:

- In multiple patient incidents or mass casualty triage, resuscitate only if all viable patients have been cared for and resources allow.
- During trauma resuscitation: Perform BLS treatment, airway management, and needle decompression if indicated on scene, transport ASAP and utilize further advanced skills en route (IV's, etc.)
- Resuscitate patient with limited IV fluids to allow permissive hypotension (SBP>90/radial pulse).
- Tranexamic acid use per current protocol